Omnilyte^m







Product Catalogue

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About OmniLyte



OmniLyte systems are technically sophisticated and ensure consistent quality of the fluids produced. Yet they are extremely easy to operate and require only usual salt and water, offering an environment-friendly solution to address various markets, geography and applications. With our OmniLyte systems the customers can generate custom-made salubrious, antimicrobial solutions on-site and on-demand, getting volumes and concentrations required.

OmniLyte is an industry leader in commercial water filtration systems, our systems provide safe and effective disinfectant, sanitization, water treatment, and alkaline ionized water Our unique water treatment solutions. technologies, like ECA generators and reverse osmosis systems, are specially formulated to remov harmful pathogens without harsh chemicals. OmniLyte is perfect for commercial and industrial application where a safe and reliable water supply is critical, with our specialized knowledge, 15+ years of experience, expert support, we are helping and organizations from various water industries have cleaner and safer water.

OmniLyte's focused on developing, enhancing, and commercializing products in partnership with Envirolyte Industries International Ltd, that safely, effectively, and naturally kill contagious pathogens. OmniLyte technology provide solution to a broad range of markets that depend upon controlling contamination, including food safety in retail and food service, livestock, agriculture and aquaculture as well as medical device disinfection, wound therapy and hospitality.

OmniLyte technology is designed to limit the spread of infectious disease, including major public health threats of M. tuberculosis, MRSA, E.coli, Norovirus, Avian Influenza, HIV, Covid-19, Polio Virus, Helicobacter pylori and Legionella.

The necessary steps are being taken to protect

- IPR with regard to innovative power supplies and PCB of the OmniLyte units systems. OmniLyte is the registered trademark of the OmniLyte Group of companies.
- At OmniLyte we have developed a unique and enhanced the systems which are focused on the water purification, sterilization and disinfecting industries.
- Today OmniLyte had strengthened its brand in North America and distribution of products and have many successful installed projects in different industry applications from public water system, livestock, water bottling companies, food processing, hospitality and laundry, livestock, etc

What does the OmniLyte technology do?



OmniLyte Electrolyzed Water (EW, EOW or EO, also known as electrolyzed oxidizing water or ionized water solution) technology is the process of passing ordinary water or a diluted saline solution through a specially designed electrolytic cell in order to modify its functional properties without adding reagents. OmniLyte solutions (Anolyte and Catholyte) have demonstrated the ability to:

- can be produced on-site from tap water and salt destroy microorganisms such as Botrytis in required quantities and concentrations of fungus, Salmonella, E.coli, Listeria and anthrax active ingredients, рΗ and salinitv spores (mineralization)
- · purify water
- clean and degrease

Anolyte contains among other things Hypochlorous Acid that is a highly potent OmniLyte designs, markets, assembles and sells bactericide. Bacteria such as Escherichia coli when equipment that can produce two basic types of exposed to Hypochlorous Acid lose viability in less fluids: than 100ms. Escherichia coli is a major cause of food and water-borne infections in humans.

- **1. Anolyte** solutions are strong oxidizing solutions with a pH range of 2.5 - 8.5 and an Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP) of +600 to +1200mV. Anolyte can potentially be used as a broad spectrum germicidal agent to kill all types of microorganisms including viruses, fungi and bacteria.
- 2. Catholyte solutions are antioxidizing, mild alkaline solutions with a pH range of 10.5 to 12.0 and ORP of -600 to -900mV. Catholyte solutions can potentially be used as degreasers or detergents.

Based on extensive research, both Anolyte and Catholyte solutions:

- are environmentally friendly
- are non-toxic to both humans and animals
- do not require special handling
- are powerful biocides
- can be safely disposed of in sewage systems
- are fast-acting
- · can be used at all stages of disinfection and cleaning
- at recommended concentrations, do not bleach surfaces or materials

OmniLyte

- can be applied in liquid, ice or aerosol (fog) ٠ form
- are hypoallergenic
- Yield by-products that are non-toxic, environmentally friendly and leave no synthetic chemical residue
- can be generated on-site, thus eliminating handling and storage of chemicals

In addition to killing bacteria Anolyte is effective in breaking down Biofilms which protect the bacteria from the action of the Hypochlorous acid.

As a hard-surface disinfectant Anolyte application on a daily basis for more than a decade has demonstrated that microorganisms do not develop immunity to Anolyte over time. This makes it possible to apply OmniLyte equipment in a number of areas directly related to personal health and safety.

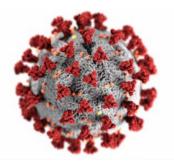
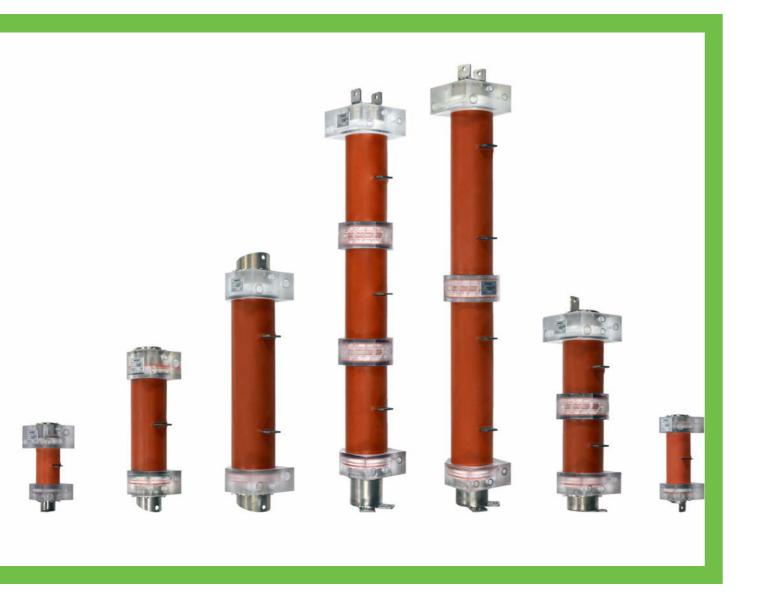


Illustration of a SARS-CoV-2 virion.

Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS CoV 2) is the virus that causes COVID-19 (coronavirus disease 2019), the respiratory illness responsible for the COVID-19 pandemic.



At the core of the OmniLyte Technology are the sensor, a controller & dosing pump, the biological Envirolyte patented diaphragmatic cells that have load of your system can be managed. been designed using innovative and unique The only requirements for our systems are supply technology to effectively deliver electrolyzed of salt, water and electricity. The generators can water solutions (Anolyte and Catholyte) using a 1be controlled by a PLC with an easy to operate 4% water solution of NaCl as initial material. HMI (Human machine interface) allowing the end Unlike other electrolytic cells, here a diaphragm user to accurately control the pH value of Anolyte and ensure the correct dosing levels for a separates the Anolyte and Catholyte solutions that are generated respectively at the anode and particular application.

Unlike other electrolytic cells, here a diaphragm separates the Anolyte and Catholyte solutions that are generated respectively at the anode and cathode chambers of the cell. This prevents the two streams from mixing and inter-reacting to form a simple sodium hypochlorite solution as is the case with other electrolytic cells commercially available now. User to accurately control the pH value of Anolyte and ensure the correct dosing levels for a particular application. Average cost for generating 1000 litres of Anolyte in a number of European and North American Countries is U\$1, making this fluid a very cost-effective alternative to many presently used chemicals.

The invention of the double-chamber diaphragmatic electrolyzer (the basic element of all OmniLyte products) marked a breakthrough in disinfection, sterilization and water purification technology.

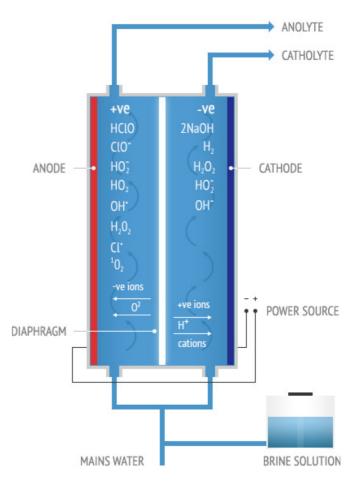
Similar electrolyzers have been known before: EW technology was first developed in the late 70's in conjunction with the Russian Institute for Medical and Scientific Research and earlier models of EW products were sold throughout the former Soviet Union, generally for disinfecting water and sterilization in hospitals.

However, this invention made it possible to considerably enlarge their commercial application and gave this technology the unquestionable advantage over the existing competitors In this respect, the technology of diaphragmatic electrolysis (EW)is unique to OmniLyte/OmniLyte and it is patented worldwide.

The cells are manufactured with variable Anolyte output capacity ranging from 20LPH to 1200LPH of Anolyte per cell. Using a combination of cells allows to manufacture OmniLyte units with an output capacity of up to 6000 LPH.

Anolyte can be either dosed directly into your system or alternatively into a buffer tank, if the demand is variable, then by using an ORP or FAC

OmniLyte



Drawing of operational principle

Applications



We have identified the following industries for early stage sales and marketing focus:

- dairy production and processing
- meat, fish and poultry processing
- clean in place ("CIP") for food and beverage processing
- agricultural grow-out and processing
- livestock industries and livestock breeding
- drinking water disinfection and waste water treatment
- ballast water treatment
- aquaculture
- medical and health care
- oil & gas industry
- · cooling towers and cooling system water treatment
- swimming pools water disinfection ("Primary Markets")

OmniLyte has been focused on these markets because we believe that for each of these markets we have a competitive advantage, a leading strategic industry partner, or we can provide an attractive value-added proposition.

Brewery and beverage industry OmniLyte disinfectant generators have a number of applications in this industry. They include disinfecting water supplies, tunnel pasteurizers, bottle washing and cleaning of conveyor and transport systems. The use of an OmniLyte generator can result in significant savings as it allows processes to be run at lower temperatures and the water to be recycled.

Cooling towers and ponds

Anolyte produced by our on-site generators effectively controls Legionella and other bacteria maintaining a safe and healthy environment. The powerful disinfecting solution also destroys biofilm yet is no more corrosive than tap water.

Wastewater treatment

The addition of Anolyte to waste water can reduce bacterial count to safe levels without contaminating the environment.

Food and dairy industry

Due to its non-toxicity Anolyte is approved for use in the food industry for disinfection in a wide range of areas including preparation surfaces, pipes, transport systems and packaging.





Meat Industry

Bacterial contamination of meat is an ever present problem. OmniLyte can help with its powerful Anolyte solution ideally suited to surface cleaning of preparation areas, packing cases and transport systems yet without the problems associated with traditional chlorine based chemicals.

Fruit and vegetable washing

Anolyte is a highly effective disinfection agent for washing of fruit and vegetables both whole and precut, increasing the shelf life and providing a safer product for consumers.







Horticulture

Misting or spraying glasshouses with Anolyte offers effective bacterial & algal control. Disinfecting the irrigation water improves the growth of vegetation & vegetables with resistance to weeds, smuts, fungi various parasites & diseases, provides superior quality products & higher crop yield without additional use of fertilizers.

Drinking water

Anolyte is approved for use as a disinfecting agent for drinking water making it safe for consumption without the unpleasant smell and taste associated with conventional chlorine based water treatment.

Swimming pools

On-site Anolyte generators ensure a safe swimming environment without the unpleasant smell or eye stinging effects of traditional chlorine based treatments. Anolyte is safer for staff as they do not have to handle potentially dangerous alkaline or acidic chemicals.

Hotels and public facilities

Legionella is a major health problem in facilities having large water systems where parts are not always in use such as hotel rooms in low season. The unused areas can result in the build-up of Legionella or other health endangering bacteria within the water system. The addition of an Anolyte generator to hot & cold water systems can prevent the need for costly cold & high temperature flushing.





Medical facilities

Due to its non-toxicity & non-corrosive nature it is ideal for surface sterilization or ambient air disinfection trough misting for medical facilities to help prevent bacterial infection, viruses & pathogens. Cold sterilization of medical instruments, or surface cleaning of walls, furniture and floors, eliminates/ reduces other chemical usage. Suitable for use in laundries to provide linen disinfection.

Fish processing

Anolyte has been shown to be highly effective in destroying bacteria such as Vibrio and E. coli making a safer product for consumers.

Swine Industries

Provides general disinfection, surface and equipment cleaning and misting medium for aerobic and anaerobic bacteria control. Promotes fodder assimilation, general health as a drinking water additive (reduces mortality). Ensures skin parasitic diseases control.

Agriculture

The use of Anolyte in agriculture can result in increased yields and improved animal husbandry by destroying bacteria in animal drinking water and stock pens.

Veterinary

Increases vitality and resistance, improves fertility. Residue free treatment of mastitis, diarrhea and other infections. Better feed stuff utilization. Reduces tension. Enhances growth and yields. Effectively controls and cures the most serious diseases.

Oil and gas industries

Anolyte and Catholyte solutions have been used to stimulate and enhance oil and gas production and to improve performance of drilling fluids. Anolyte is a highly effective alternative to bactericides that are non-biodegradable or bio- accumulative. As a bactericide, Anolyte is selective, targeting bacteria responsible for microbialinduced corrosion and slime while being safe to humans.

Marine industry

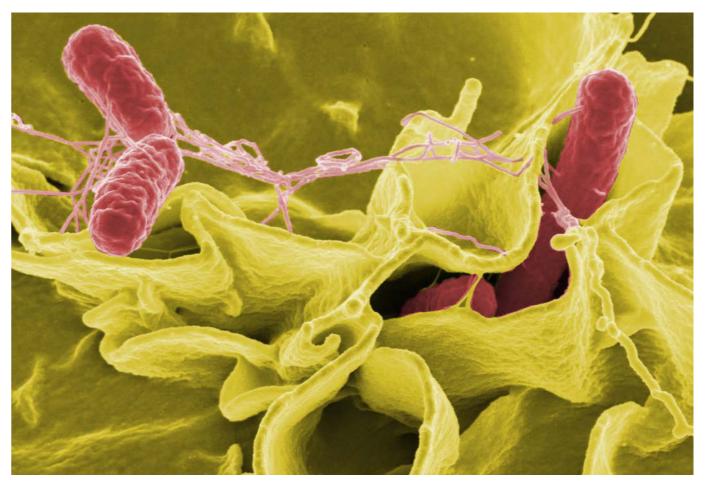
Anolyte generators are suitable for onboard ship sterilization of drinking and ballast water. Anolyte can also be added to water used in ice making machines for the fishing industry to ensure a safer product.





Why use dangerous chemicals when there are safer more environmentally friendly alternatives?





Salmonella enteritidis. Causes food poisoning (Salmonellosis) in humans when ingested. Found in poultry, eggs, meat and shellfish.

gas-related accidents. Incidents are due to delivery systemns issues or the manual mixing of incorrect cleaning and disinfection chemicals.

Chlorine & its chemical compounds are extremely without any risks to humans. effective as disinfecting agents for the safety of our modern food and water supply chain, which depends heavily upon them. A ballance to maintain the safety of the food and water supply chain whilst protecting the health & lives of those working in these areas, is required.

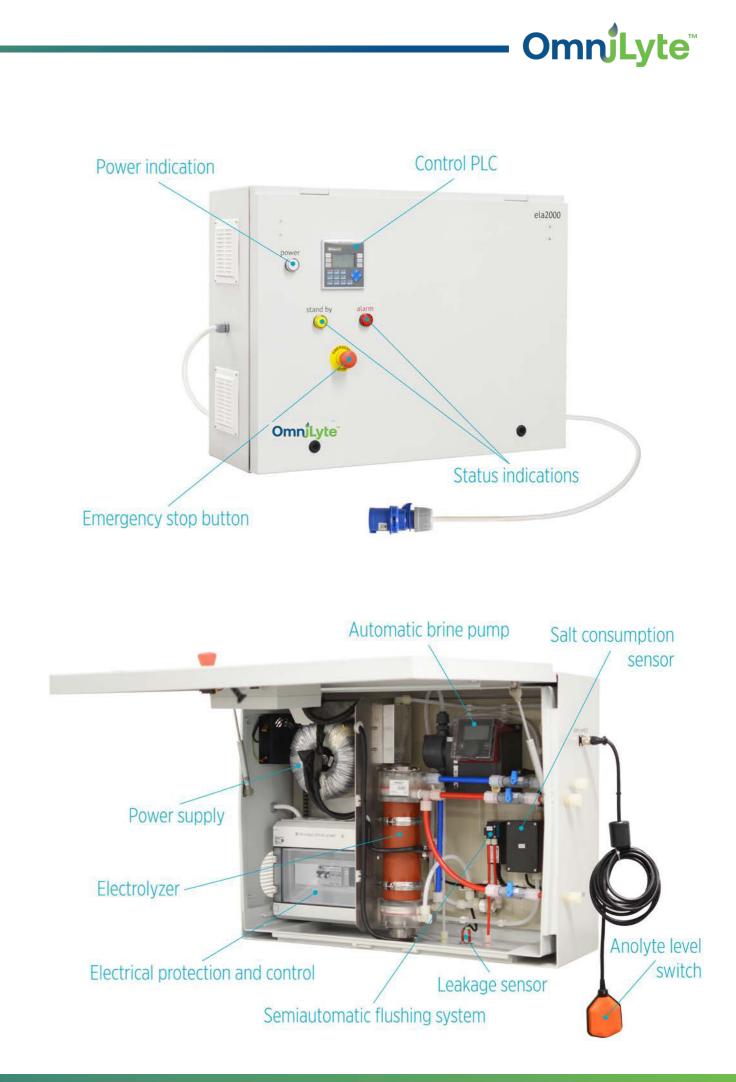
Using OmniLyte systems it is possible to generate Hypochlorous acid safely on site by using a traditional chlorine based chemicals. process that combines salt, water & electricity. Hypochlorous Acid is known as the most powerful part of all chlorine based disinfection agents.

traditional chlorination with an ORP of +600 to utilised. +1200mV and pH of 2.5-8.5, it can achieve a log8

- Every year people get hurt or even killed in chlorine reduction of Escherichia coli within 10 seconds.
 - Using a state of the art patented Membrane Electrolysis technology, OmniLyte generators produce powerful disinfection agents on site
 - An added bonus is that our disinfection liquids are classed as non-toxic and biodegradable under EU and WHO guidelines, which helps to protect both people & the environment. All these benefits are coupled with the possibility of making substantial cost savings in many applications, as on site production is substantially cheaper than using
- Our range of OmniLyte generators can reduce energy & water usage, as our liquids allow some processes to be carried out at ambient At concentrations significantly lower than temperatures, & enables water recycling to be

OmniLyte system features





The benefits of OmniLyte water disinfection systems

| | Gas chlorine | Delivered hypo | Hypo calcium | Chloramination | Chlorine dioxide | Anolyte |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|
| Effective | | | | | | |
| Safety | \bigotimes | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Chlorine residual | | | | | 8 | |
| TTHM - HAA5 reduction | 8 | 8 | 8 | | | |
| Chlorine / Bromate reduction | | Ø | | Ø | 8 | |
| Biofilm removal | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | | |
| Algae elimination | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | Ø | |
| Micro flocculation | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | | |
| Eliminate T. & O. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Easy to maintain | | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Lifecycle costs low | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |

- Due to very low concentration of active chlorine, Anolyte diluted in the water does not result in any toxicity effects or the production of any toxic by-products
- Anolyte penetrates tiny pores of the water pipes or any other material
- Anolyte eliminates biofilm and algae from the distribution system
- Water pipes and equipment don't have to be rinsed with water after disinfecting
- Anolyte doesn't harm the original, natural properties of the water
- · Anolyte eliminates chlorine taste and odour, improves taste and odour from algae
- Anolyte can be stored and kept for further use when the need arises
- Easy dosing
- · High level of safety: no hazardous chemicals produced or used

Why OmniLyte water disinfection technology is better than traditional chlorination?

- although seemingly analogous to chlorine, Anolyte is unique and clearly superior to sodium hypochlorite in the destruction of spores, bacteria, viruses and other pathogen organisms on an equal residual base. Sodium hypochlorite in concentration of 5% is effective only in disinfection, but not sterilization. Sodium hypochlorite is not effective against cysts (Guardia, Cryptosporidium)
- most of the pathogens, particularly water borne ones, develop resistance to Sodium hypochlorite over time. Anolyte application, as a water disinfectant on a daily basis for more than ten years, has demonstrated that microorganisms have not develop a resistance against Anolyte over this period of time
- t he required contact time for Analyte is lower
- sodium hypochlorite loses its activity during



Before dosing Anolyte After dosing Anolyte

OmniLyte

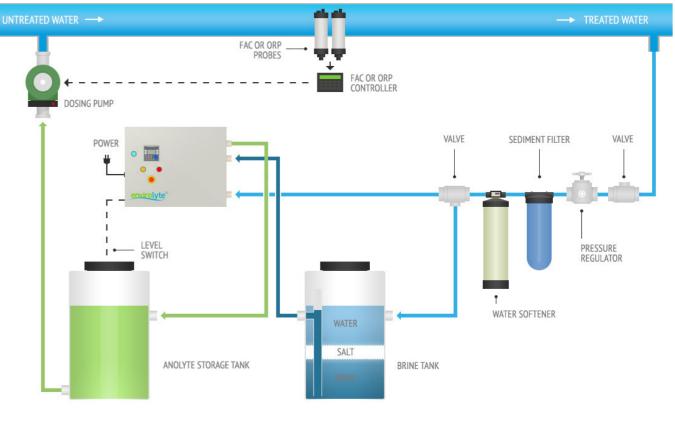
long-term storage & poses a potential danger of gaseous chlorine emissions during storage

- Anolyte is totally soluble
- bactericidal efficiency is between pH 4 to 9
- Anolyte is minimally corrosive primarily due it's low concentrations and, also due, to the elimination of the caustic elementn o r m a l l y found in sodium and calcium hypochlorite
- the reaction of Anolyte and organic materials produces about half of the trihalomethanes of chlorine based products
- · Anolyte eliminates existing scale & biofilm build-up plus any harboured pathogens, within scale or the dissolved solids. It also stops new scale forming within fresh water supplies. The using Anolyte for Chlorination within a building does not require the water services to be closed off during treatment



Typical layout of OmniLyte system





Typical layout of OmniLyte water disinfection system

Every OmniLyte water disinfecting system consists of:

- OmniLyte unit (one or more)
- containers for Anolyte and NaCl solution
- dosing pump(s) with FAC or ORP controller

Anolyte produced by OmniLyte unit is collected in a container and then dosed into the incoming water (see above). The dosing regime depends on the water flow and guality (properties) of the source water and is controlled by either flow meter or FAC/ORP controller connected with dosing pump.

How is disinfecting achieved?

Hypochlorous Acid (HoCL), electrochemically activated in OmniLyte unit, is a powerful, nontoxic, non-hazardous disinfectant called Anolyte it is the main disinfection agent for any OmniLyte Systems

OmniLyte

Anolyte is a colourless transparent liquid with a slight chlorine smell. It contains various mixed oxidants by it is predominantly hypochlorous acid, which provides Anolyte with a highly bactericidal and sporicidal activity.

Anolyte parameters are as follows:

- pH from 2.0 to 8.5
- concentration (general) of active chlorine 100-6000mg/l
- very high oxidant activity with low (hundreds • parts of percentage) concentrations of working substances that don't harm chemical and other vital characteristics of the treated water and do not form any toxic compounds



Certification Program Accredited by the American National Standards Institute



Our certificates and approvals











Standards Council

of Canada















| Our r | hrodu | inte |
|-------|-------|------|



| | Flow rate, l/h | Power supply | Installation | Type of reactor | FAC concentration, ppm | Outputs | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|--|
| ela200 | 20 | () | | R-20 | 500 | Neutral Anolyte Neutral Anolyte and Catholyte Acidic Anolyte and Catholyte | | | | |
| ela400 | 40 | se VAC | | R-40 | | | | | | |
| ela900 | 90 | 1 phase 0 (110) V | | R-90 | | | | | | |
| ela1200 | 120 | 1 phase 230 (110) VAC | Wall | R-120 | | | | | | |
| ela2000 | 200 | | mountable | R-200 | | | | | | |
| ela2500 | 250 | | | R-250 | | | | | | |
| ela3000 | 300 | | | R-300 | | Neutral Anolyte Anolyte and Ca Anolyte and Cat | | | | |
| ela4000 | 400 | O | | R-400A | 100, 200, 300, | al Ar ⁄te al te ar | | | | |
| ela6000 | 600 | A (| | R-600 | 400, 500 | eutr Anoly noly | | | | |
| ela10000 | 1000 | 3 phases 208-220 | | R-1000 | | N tral <i>J</i> dic A | | | | |
| ela12000 | 1200 | 3 ph 208 | | R-1200 | | Neut Acic | | | | |
| ela18000 | 1800 | 3 APC 3 APC 3 APC 3 APC 3 APC 3 APC 3 APC 4 APC | | 2 x R-1000 | | | | | | |
| ela20000 | 2000 | | ig | 2 X IX 1000 | | | | | | |
| ela24000 | 2400 | | | 2 x R-1200 | | | | | | |
| ela30000 | 3000 | | | 3 x R-1000 | | | | | | |
| ela200anw | 20 | | R-40ANE | | | | | | | |
| ela400anw | 40 | Û | () | O O | , | R-60ANE | | | | |
| ela900anw | 90 | phase (110) VAC | | R-90ANE | | | | | | |
| ela1200anw | 120 | 1 phase 230 (110) V/ | Wall mountable | R-120ANE | | | | | | |
| ela2000anw | 200 | | 230 | | | | | R-200ANE | | |
| ela3000anw | 300 | | | | | R-300ANE | | ll) flow | | |
| ela4000anw | 400 | | | R-400ANE | | e tiona otal | | | | |
| ela6000anw | 600 | _ | | R-600ANE | | al Anolyte olyte (optional) 0.5% of total flow | | | | |
| ela10000anw | 1000 | | | R-1000ANE | 500 | 'al A olyte 0.5% | | | | |
| ela12000anw | 1200 | Q | | R-1200ANE | | - Anti | | | | |
| ela18000anw | 1800 | 3 phases (208-220) VAC | | 2 x R-1000ANE | | Ne Acidic , Catholyte | | | | |
| ela20000anw | 2000 | 3 phases 208-220 | Floor | | | A Cath | | | | |
| ela24000anw | 2400 | 3 ph 208 | standing | 2 x R-1200ANE | | | | | | |
| ela30000anw | 3000 | 400 (| | 3 x R-1000ANE | | | | | | |
| ela40000anw | 4000 | 4 | | 3 x R-1200ANE | | | | | | |
| ela50000anw | 5000 | | | 4 x R-1200ANE | | | | | | |
| ela60000anw | 6000 | | | 5 x R-1200ANE | | | | | | |

ECA Series Generators







OmniLyte

ela200

| Flow rate, I/h | 20 |
|--|-------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~17 |
| Reactor, type | R-20 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1/4" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/4" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~40 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •Modbus

ela400

| Flow rate, I/h | 40 |
|--|-------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~26 |
| Reactor, type | R-40 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1/4" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/4" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~40 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •Modbus



ela900

ela1200

| Flow rate, I/h | 90 |
|--|----------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x1 |
| Working current, A | ~52 |
| Reactor, type | R-90 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~55 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction

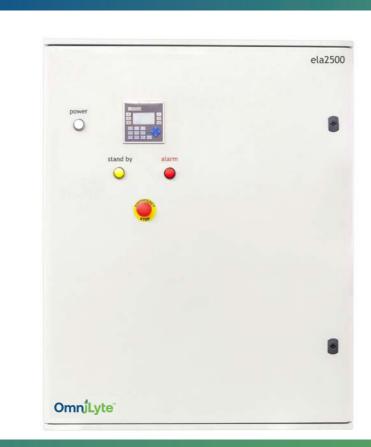




| Flow rate, I/h | 120 |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| Free available chlorine | 100500 |
| concentration, ppm | 100000 |
| Control of salt | |
| consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x1 |
| Working current, A | ~65 |
| Reactor, type | R-120 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~60 | |
| | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction



OmniLyte[™]

| | ela2000 |
|--|----------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 200 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x1 |
| Working current, A | ~110 |
| Reactor, type | R-200 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mm | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~70 | |
| Ontions | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction

| | ela2500 |
|--|----------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 250 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x3 |
| Working current, A | ~130 |
| Reactor, type | R-250 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x1000x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~75 | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction

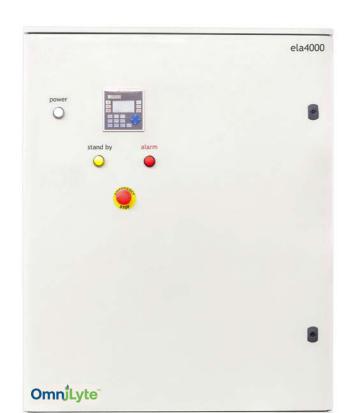


| Flow rate, I/h | 300 |
|--|----------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x3 |
| Working current, A | ~155 |
| Reactor, type | R-300 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x1000x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~75 | |
| | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction





| Flow rate, I/h | 400 |
|--|----------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x3 |
| Working current, A | ~210 |
| Reactor, type | R-400A |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1/2" |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x1000x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~140 | |

Options

EthernetɕGSM modem
ModbusɕAutomatic pH correction



ela3000

ela4000

OmniLyte

| | ela6000 |
|--|----------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 600 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | transformer x3 |
| Working current, A | ~315 |
| Reactor, type | R-600 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/4" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC | Dimensions |
| LxHxW, mmÉ800x1630x4 | 10 Weight, |
| kgÉ~230 | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction

| | ela10000 |
|--|--------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 1000 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~530 |
| Reactor, type | R-1000 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/4" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC | Dimensions |
| LxHxW, mmÉ1620x1860x | 800 Weight, |
| kgÉ~315 | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction



| Flow rate, I/h | 1200 |
|--|--------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~600 |
| Reactor, type | R-1200 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/4" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC | Dimensions |
| LxHxW, mmÉ1620x1860x | 800 Weight, |
| kgÉ~350 | |
| Ontions | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction





| | ela18000 |
|--|---------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 1800 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~900 |
| Reactor, type | 2 x R-1000 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 |
| Weight, kgÉ~390 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction



ela12000

OmniLyte

| | ela20000 |
|--|---------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 2000 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~1000 |
| Reactor, type | 2 x R-1000 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 |
| Weight, kgÉ~390 | |
| Options | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction

| | ela24000 |
|--|---------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 2400 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~1200 |
| Reactor, type | 2 x R-1200 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 |
| Weight, kgÉ~450 | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction



| | ela30000 |
|--|---------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 3000 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 100500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~1500 |
| Reactor, type | 3 x R-1000 |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mm | 1620x1860x800 |
| Weight, kgÉ~500 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•Automatic pH correction





Different types of ELA Generators

OmniLyte[™]

ELA 18000 generator installation and accessories

ANW Series ECA Generators







OmniLyte

ela200ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 20 |
|--|-------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~18 |
| Reactor, type | R-40ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~40 | |
| | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•pH correction

| e | a400ANW |
|--|-------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 40 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~26 |
| Reactor, type | R-60ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~40 | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•pH correction



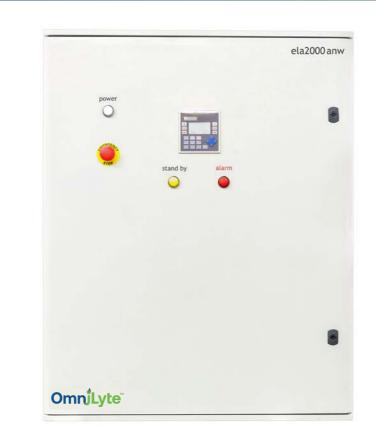
ela-900ANW

ela-1200ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 90 |
|--|-------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~52 |
| Reactor, type | R-90ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~50 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction

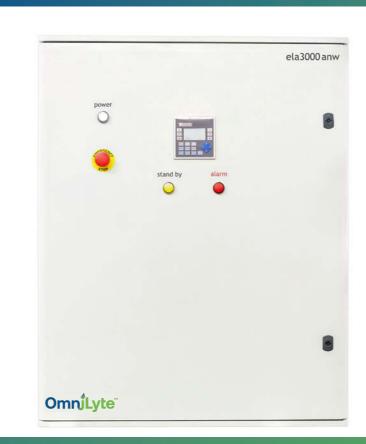




| Flow rate, I/h | 120 |
|--|-------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~65 |
| Reactor, type | R-120ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x600x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~50 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction



OmniLyte

ela-2000ANW

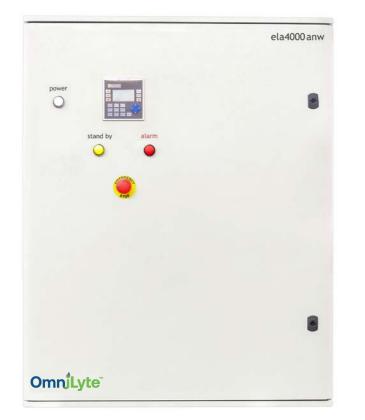
| Flow rate, I/h | 200 |
|--|--------------|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS |
| Working current, A | ~110 |
| Reactor, type | R-200ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 3/8" |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/8" | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x1000x300 |
| Weight, kgÉ~65 | |
| | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- ModbusɕpH correction

| ela | -3000ANW | |
|--|--------------|--|
| Flow rate, I/h | 300 | |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS | |
| Working current, A | ~155 | |
| Reactor, type | R-300ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 3/8" | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mm | 800x1000x300 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~70 | | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•pH correction



| Flow rate, l/h | 400 | |
|--|----------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | transformer x1 | |
| Working current, A | ~210 | |
| Reactor, type | R-400ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1/2" | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1/2" | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 800x1000x300 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~100 | | |
| | | |

ela-4000ANW

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction





ela-6000ANW 600 Flow rate, I/h Free available chlorine 500 concentration, ppm Control of salt + consumption Power supply, type transformer x3 Working current, A ~315 R-600ANE Reactor, type Brine pump, type Grundfos 3/4" PVC Water input Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ800x1630x410 Weight, kgÉ~195

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction



40

OmniLyte

ela-10000ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 1000 | |
|--|----------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | transformer x3 | |
| Working current, A | ~530 | |
| Reactor, type | R-1000ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 3/4" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC | Dimensions | |
| LxHxW, mmÉ1620x1860x | 800 Weight, | |
| kgÉ~285 | | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•pH correction

| ela-1 | 12000ANW | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Flow rate, I/h | 1200 | |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~600 | |
| Reactor, type | R-1200ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 3/4" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ3/4" PVC | Dimensions | |
| LxHxW, mmÉ1620x1860x | 800 Weight, | |
| kgÉ~310 | | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- ModbusɕpH correction



ela-18000ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 1800 | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~900 | |
| Reactor, type | 2 x R-1000ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~310 | | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction





ela-20000ANW 2000 Flow rate, I/h Free available chlorine 500 concentration, ppm Control of salt + consumption SMPS (Kraft) Power supply, type Working current, A ~1000 2 x R-1000ANE Reactor, type Brine pump, type Grundfos 1" PVC Water input Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ1620x1860x800 Weight, kgÉ~370

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction



OmniLyte

ela-24000ANW

| Flow rate, l/h | 2400 | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~1200 | |
| Reactor, type | 2 x R-1200ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~400 | | |
| | | |

Options

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- ModbusɕpH correction

ela-30000ANW

| Flow rate, l/h | 3000 | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~1500 | |
| Reactor, type | 3 x R-1000ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~430 | | |

- •EthernetÉ•GSM modem
- •ModbusÉ•pH correction



ela-40000ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 4000 | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~2000 | |
| Reactor, type | 3 x R-1200ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mmÉ | 1620x1860x800 | |
| Weight, kgÉ~475 | | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction





| ela- | 50000ANW |
|--|---------------|
| Flow rate, I/h | 5000 |
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 |
| Control of salt consumption | + |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) |
| Working current, A | ~2500 |
| Reactor, type | 4 x R-1200ANE |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos |
| Water input | 1" PVC |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mm | 2500x1860x800 |
| Weight, kg | ~550 |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem •ModbusÉ•pH correction

OmniLyte

ela-60000ANW

| Flow rate, I/h | 6000 | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Free available chlorine concentration, ppm | 500 | |
| Control of salt consumption | + | |
| Power supply, type | SMPS (Kraft) | |
| Working current, A | ~3000 | |
| Reactor, type | 5 x R-1200ANE | |
| Brine pump, type | Grundfos | |
| Water input | 1" PVC | |
| Anolyte outputÉ1" PVC | | |
| Dimensions LxHxW, mm | 2500x1860x800 | |
| Weight, kg | ~600 | |

Options

•EthernetÉ•GSM modem

•ModbusÉ•pH correction

HD Series ECA Generators



The task of this invention is to extend the range of Anolyte active chlorine concentrations so as to produce disinfectants with an adjustable active chlorine concentration ranging from 1000 to 8000ppm using a patented diaphragm electrolyser method, without using external circulation circuits and Peltier elements.

OmniLyte ELA-HD Anolyte machines are also designed to produce Anolyte using a lower amount of salt and energy. About 3.0g of NaCL and ~4.3W of energy are required to generate 1g

Apart from high FAC concentrations, salt and energy consumption OmniLyte ELA-HD Anolyte generators have some distinct differences from our standard ELA type of machines such as:

 contrary to the standard Anolyte generatorsHD as always the pH of HD Anolyte depends on type of machines do not produce Catholyte as a the pH of the source water but, generally it is at by-product in commercially viable volumes. pH ~7.5, which is standard specification for our Only ~0.4% of Catholyte is the total flow and is HD generators. An option is available for PH specific for a particular machine, it is totally regulation within a range of pH ~5.5-7.5. The pH based on water that and can be safely disposed regulation requires the installation of some of into the environment. If your application additional components within the HD requires the use of Catholyte, we advise you machine. Please specified yourrequirement for to consider our standard ELA models or our pH correction when placing an order CG Catholyte generators.

The products portfolio of our HD type of generators in relation to the output capacity of Anolyte, depends upon FAC requirement, but generally it is similar to the ELA products range. Installation requirements for HD type of Anolyte generators is also similar to those of ELA type of machines.



ELA 1800HD set for 5000ppm for public water treatment

OmniLyte

of FAC which is accordingly 5 and 3 times less than in standard ELA machines.

High concentrations of FAC in Anolyte may be required for some markets like municipal water treatment, industrial applications whereh i g h level of FAC may result in savings on other installation components such as dosing pumps, storage tanks etc, also businesses bottling and packaging Anolyte for retail may see it as a benefit.

CG Series ECA Generators



OmniLyte CG series Catholyte generators are designed to produce Catholyte on site and on demand from NaCL brine with NaOH concentration ranging from 1g/l up to 6g/l and pH ~11.5-13.5, this is what makes it an ideal solution for washing operations, bio-stimulation procedures, precipitation of heavy metalsa n d organic matter during water purification or for the extraction of essential oils.

Production of Catholyte is a cost effective & an efficient and environmentally friendly alternative to other chemical detergents, it is suitable for a multitude of applications particularly in CIP, food processing, horticulture, green houses and within hospitality businesses. In-situ



CG400 in a laundry in Canada

OmniLyte

generation eliminates the hazards associated with transportation, handling and storage of dangerous caustic chemicals.

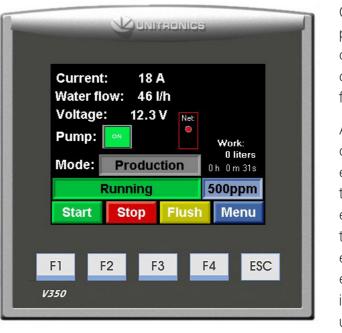
During generation of Catholyte a small volume, i.e. 0.4% of total flow, of acidic Anolyte is produced as a by-product for which safety disposal measures should be considered.

The products portfolio of CG type of generators in terms of Catholyte output capacity depends on the NaOH concentration requirement but generally it is similar to ELA products range.

Installation requirements of CGC atholyte generators is similar to our standard ELA machines.

OmniLyte GH-40 generator





GH-40 main display during operation

GH-40 generator does not require a connection to a mains water source, as pre-mixed salt & water solution is required. The machine uses ~4.5g/l of brine (generators with lesser salt consumption, i.e. 1.5-2.5g/l are available upon request) directly from the brine storage container to produce Anolyte and Catholyte at any given time or by using the pre-programed schedule.

Ease of installation and operation as well as the efficacy of the disinfecting and washing fluids make the GH-40 generator an ideal choice as a sustainable source for disinfecting and washing fluids to suit the needs of hotels, schools, hospitals, public buildings, elderly houses, supermarkets, recreation facilities, swimming pools and SPA centers etc.



GH-40 Anolyte/Catholyte generator is designed to produce on site and on demand neutral Anolyte only or neutral Anolyte and Catholyte for a multitude of different applications wherever there is a requirement for disinfection and cleaning.

Anolyte (HOCI) is one disinfectant that, when combined with adequate personal protective equipment, and social-distancing screening techniques, hand washing, and high-volume evacuation suction, may help reduce the transmission of any pathogenic disease within environments. It comprises many of the desired effects of the ideal disinfectant: It is easy to use, inexpensive, has a good safety profile, and can be used to disinfect large areas quickly and with a broad range of bactericidal and virucidal effects.

OmniLyte CIP Series ECA Generators



Photo installation courtesy of Envirolyte

Water processing with Anolyte and Catholyte or in OmniLyte CIP generators are ideally suited to the other words Electrolyzed Water (EW) is used markets for CIP applications or hospitality sectors within a number of hygiene applications to remove (hotels, schools, government facilities, military unwanted microorganisms from contact surfaces bases, prisons, cruise ships, janitorial services, within the food and beverage industry. etc.). These generators are easy to install, operate and maintain, they are an ideal solution when The multiple applications available for using safety and cost are of concern.

Anolyte for disinfection and Catholyte as a washing fluid. Therefore within the food The OmniLyte CIP range of Anolyte/Catholyte processing, beer and beverage industries there is a distinct need for capable generators to produce our partners for the food processing and both Anolyte and Catholyte liquids.

The generators are a significant step forward in Anolyte/Catholyte production technology and are characterized by:

- minimal maintenance
- state of the art reactor cell technology, with a prolonged operational life improving the generator performance dramatically.
- reduced total cost of ownership
- on demand for Anolythe and Catholyte liquids
- highly effective eco-friendly ECA solutions
- Anolyte 500ppm FAC with pH 6,5
- Catholyte ~1000ppm NaOH with pH >12
- · individual Anolyte and Catholyte reactor cell technology
- less complicated
- extremely low waste generation, less than 0,5% of device capacity
- · easy Anolyte production with a factory set

effective cleaning and sanitizing operations.

| | CIP-20/20 | C P - 40/40C | P-100/100CI | P-200/200CI | P-300/300 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | ~20 I/h of ANW | ~40 l/h of ANW | ~100 I/h of ANW | ~200 l/h of ANW | ~300 l/h of ANW |
| | Anolyte with pH ~3-7 |
| | (can be regulated) |
| | and | and | and | and | and |
| | ~500-550ppm of FAC; |
| , | ~20 I/h of Catholyte | ~40 l/h of Catholyte | ~100 l/h of Catholyte | 200 I/h of Catholyte | ~300 l/h of Catholyte |
| | with pH ~12.2-12.5 and |
| | ~0.8-1.0g/l of NaOH | ~0.8-1.0g/l of NaOH | ~0.8-1.0g/l of NaOH | ~0.8-1.0g/I of NaOH | ~0.8-1.0g/l of NaOH |



generators was developed in cooperation with beverage market and is available in low salt configuration only.

generator to customer specification

- simplified installation and operation
- . high quality components
- European standards
- · low salt/chloride technology to protect any customer's corrosion concerns
- · 28-34ppm of chlorides within the final CIP solutions plus chlorides of CIP makeup water
- easy to use interface, ensuring that the solutions are always within their specified parameters and are producing consistent quality Anolyte and Catholyte
- equipped with remote monitoring for peace of mind (GSM or Ethernet)

Although these Anolyte/Catholyte generators were designed with the beverage market in mind, they can be used in any situation where both Anolyte and Catholyte solutions are required for



Photo installation courtesy of Envirolyte

and than disinfect.

The multiple applications imply use of Anolyte for disinfection and Catholyte as a washing fluid.

Therefore within the food processing, beer and beverage industries there is a distinct need for generators to produce both Anolyte and Catholyte on the spot and on demand at the required volume and required strength.

CIP/HD series of Anolyte/Catholyte generators

Thegenerators are a significant step forward in Anolyte/Catholyte production technology and are characterizedby:

- minimal maintenance
- state of the art reactor cell technology, with a prolonged operational life improving the generator performance dramatically
- reduced total cost of ownership
- on demand solutions
- highly effective eco-friendly ECA solutions
- Anolyte 500-3000ppm FAC with the option

for pH regulation in the range pH ~5-7.5. Higher FAC ppm concentrations are possible up to 6000ppm

- Catholyte 1000-3000ppm NaOH at pH >12.5-13
- individual Anolyte and Catholyte reactor cell
- Therefore, our specifications position CIP/HD technology less complicated generators as a perfect source of washing and • extremely low waste generation, less than 0.5% disinfecting flluids for any industry where both

WhatisthedifferencebetweenCIPandCIP/HDgenerators?

Both types of generators, CIP and CIP/HD, have corrosion when during CIP operations. Therefore two independent production platforms to CIP generators are generally limited to only CIP generate the fluids either independently or operations. simultaneously.

However, in CIP generators the fluids are produced with precisely preset parameters of HCLO/NaOH such as ppm concentration,pH and salt/chlorides residual, all with the purpose to provide for high efficacy and avoid any risk of

OmniLyte

CIP/HD series of Anolyte/Catholyte generators have been designed to address multiple applications where customers need first to wash and/or degrease either surfaces, premises, equipment or tools

- are a further development of our OmniLyte CIP generators and they are ideally suited to food processing or hospitality markets (hotels, schools, government facilities, military bases, prisons, cruise ships, janitorial services, etc.). These generators are easy to install, operate and maintain and are the ideal solution when safety and cost implications are a concern.
- easy Anolyte production with a generator that is factory set to suit the customer needs and specification
- simplified installation and operation
- high quality components, European standards
- low salt/chloride technology that protects our customer's corrosion concerns
- easy to use interface, ensuring that the solutions
- are always within their specified parameters and are producing consistent quality Anolyte and Catholyte
- equipped with remote monitoring for peace of mind (GSM or Ethernet)

In CIP/HD the above mentioned parameters of Anolyte/Catholyte may vary, i. e. the fluids may be stronger, what allows to address the most difficult washing and disinfection cases in many industries.

Seawater Anolyte generators



Photo installation courtesy of Envirolyte

The use of seawater as the feed brine for OmniLyte chloride solution accompanied by some other generators for activated (disinfecting and salts. The concentration of sodium chloride is washing) solutions has always been a challenge sufficient to generate the necessary volume of and great temptation for the scientists and active chlorine to render disinfecting properties to engineers at OmniLyte Industries International Ltd. the final product - Anolyte generated purely by The reasons for that are guite obvious: eliminating using only the seawater. the need for any source of mains water and OmniLyte seawater machines are a further preparation of brine makes the OmniLyte development of our OmniLyte technology to suit technology even simpler and more cost effective. the needs of our customers for disinfection and Moreover, it moves the horizons for the use of the water purification within the aquaculture industry technology to the previously untouched areas of all and for off shore/on board operations. type of off shore &on board vessels or for aquaculture applications wherever there is a need OmniLyte seawater machines have been for disinfection, sterilization and water purification. designed to generate ANK-neutral Anolyte and

Catholyte, if needed, from sea water with a salinity The idea of using the seawater as the main and ranging from 5-7PSU (brackish water) to only feed for OmniLyte units lies in the chemistry 33-35PSU (ocean water), with an active chlorine of the sea water which is predominantly sodium concentration in the range of 500-1000ppm.

The key features:

- full automation and easy operating procedures of the level switchers' position give the added benefits to rapid delivery of safe tubes and connectors are of EPDM/PVDF and fast acting disinfectant -ANK-neutral plastics and are highly resistant against Anolyte aggressive solutions
- the strength of ANK-neutral Anolyte in terms of all input and output connectors are located on active chlorine concentration is preset during the sides of the boxes to allow them wallmanufacturing but can be adjusted according to mountable customers requirements
- the control system of OmniLyte seawater units is simple and easy to operate. It can be altered to suit different applications and conditions
- flow and pressure controllers are installed in the stop OmniLyte seawater units automatically Hydraulic part to stop the OmniLyte unit if there inbuilt alarms can be arranged for any remote is interruption of water supply and to start it as area through external connection soon as water flow resumes
- PC/Internet control is optional for OmniLyte · the enclosures are made of non-corrosive seawater units, this allows remote monitoring of materials. Various types can be provided the machines operation, to diagnose and according to the customers demand remedy potential problem from a control room reset button allows starting the unit regardless or any location away from the installation site

General specifications:

- output capacity ranging from 40 l/h up to 3000 l/h of ANK-neutral Anolyte
- power source 400/230/110 VAC ±10%

- a simple on/off switch with power indicator allows starting and stopping OmniLyte seawater units manually
- level switches or ORP meter enable to start and

Industrial water ionizers





New trend in public drinking water - more emphases on health benefits

OmniLyte ECO units are designed for purifying tap The process for the production of potable water water that doesn's meet the WHO (World Health has been developed over many years and still has Organisation) health standards. Not only does it kill no analogues. OmniLyte ECO units have all bacteria and viruses within the water in undergone technical and independentm e d i c a l seconds, it also reduces heavy metal content to biological testing, to confirm that it destroys even European safety standards and produces a extreme levels of bacteria and viruses in water as pleasant-tasting potable water, retaining most of well as organic compounds (including phenols), its beneficial mineral contents. thus rendering it safe, tasty and drinkable.

Water purification using OmniLyte ECOunits is Research of effects of OmniLyte water has been carried out since 1950s. Data has been collected, achieved by oxidation and reduction that destroy and neutralize all hazardous substances. The indicating it is good for arthritis, chronic concept of water treatment in OmniLyte ECO constipation, chronic diarrhoea, diabetis. units may by summarized as follows: such heartburn, chronicfatigue, indigestion, high blood treatment removes everything that is alien and pressure, leg cramps, poor circulation, migraines, harmful to the human body, whilist retaining all nausea, obesity, osteoporosis, psoriasis, stress*. that is useful and harmless.

OmniLyte water possesses exellent absorption medical treatment, and the above listed uses are and hydrating potential, having smaller cluster not medical advice.No result is guaranteed or sizes and a greater concentration of soluble predicted. minerals. It reduces over-acidic conditions and Pure clean water is paramount for good health. If increases stabilized oxygen within the human we combine it with a well balanced diet of fruit, body, contributing to better digestion. OmniLyte vegetables, vitamins and minerals and regular water is slightly alkaline, has a low ORP (Oxygen exercise, we'll be rid of acidic waste that bad Reduction, redox potential) and is rich in eating and drinking habits form in our body. electrones, which makes it an antioxidant.

Thekeyfeaturesandgeneralspecifications

• a self-cleaning cycle has been programmed into

the machine, which ensures easy maintenance and maximum productivity

• the unique design of the diaphragmatic cell ensures the water being processed has maximum contact with the electrodes and therefore the most effective use of energy and better treatment are achieved

 there is a minimal hydraulic resistance against the water as it flows through the cell chambers.

this ensures an optimum flow rate is achieved



* - OmniLyte water does not replace regular

- the electrodes are specifically designed to endure high electrochemical loading as are the cell membranes
- the enclosure is made of non-corrosive materials. Tubes and connectors are of EPDM/ **PVDF** plastics
- a simple on/off switch with a power indicator starts and stops the unit manually
- no moveable or replaceable parts

How does it work?

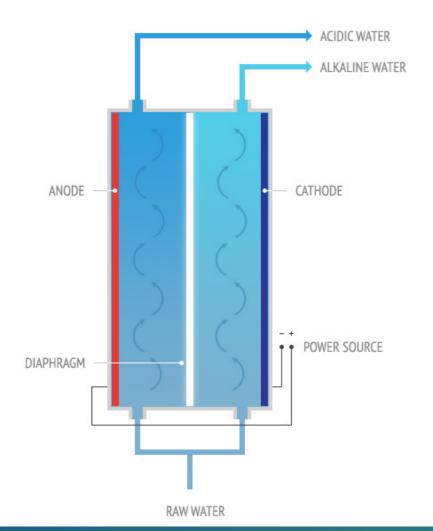
The water purification process within OmniLyte ECO units includes anodic electrolytic oxidation with a simultaneous removal of cations; electrocatalytic and additional c h e m i c a l additional in intermediate vortical reactor tank and catalytic purification within a catalytic reactor.

The water pathways are within a flow-through diaphragmatic electrochemical cell, acatalytic reactor, a vortical reaction chamber and a VDC power source. The electrodes within the reactor have a special coating, which includeso x i d e ruthenium, iridium, platinum and titanium. The ultra filtrating ceramic diaphragm made of zirconium, yttrium & aluminium oxides is located between the anode and cathode chambers, this prevents the water in the anode and cathode chambers from mixing, & allows ion migration within the electric field between the anode &

cathode. Diaphragmatic cell design ensures the microvolumes of water make physicalc o n t a c t when flowing through the anode & cathode chambers and over the electrode surfaces, within the vicinity of (in a so-called Double Electric Layer - DEL) the electric field intensity which reaches 100,000 to 10,000,000V/cm. This ensures a high quality of electrolytic & electrocatalytic water purification.

Water purified by OmniLyte ECO units acquires biocidal properties, stimulates biological oxidation, can provide indirectelectrochemical detoxification of the human body through oxidation hydroxylation of uremia and other toxins.

Within fractions of a second during the process, the anode unipolar electrochemical treatment saturates the water with highly active oxidants.



Processes of direct electrolytic oxidation (on the electrode surface) and electro-catalytic oxidation ensure the destruction of organic impurities and the demolition of micro-organisms. The end products of the total oxidation of all the organic matter (including phenols) are generally harmless, and are mostly carbon dioxide and water.



Photo courtesy of Envirolyte

ECO alkaline ionized water generators in Oman

Extremely high oxidation-reduction potential of the water directly in the anode chamber and metastable compounds of active chlorine and active oxygen participating in the reactions prevent the formation of toxic chlorine-organic substances and ensure total destruction of dioxins.

In the catalytic reactor, hetero-phase catalytic destruction of active chlorine compounds and heterophase catalytic oxidation of organic substances is carried out on the surface of granules of a replacement-free and regeneration-free catalyst, where active chlorine compounds decay to form highly active short-lived particles. When leaving the catalytic chamber, the water is saturated with oxygen and practically does not contain active chlorine compounds.



OmniLyte eco12000 alkaline ionized water generator at a bottling plant in USA

Omnilyte Innovation for a safer tomorrow.

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